

## MEN GO FROM TRAINING CAMP TO BATTLE AND PUT GERMANS TO ROUT

Recruits Bear Brunt of Fighting; Marines Also Win Victory and War Council Says America Stemming Tide For the Allies

WASHINGTON, June 6—(Associated Press)—American troops, made up largely of newly enlisted men, only recently arrived in France, bore the brunt of a massed attack by German veterans yesterday afternoon and signally defeated the foe in the biggest engagement in which the men of Uncle Sam have yet engaged in Europe.

West of Veully Woods, which marks the tip of the German salient recently driven and where the German invaders are closest to Paris, the battle was fought. Here the Americans are holding the line and guarding the road to the French capital. It was here that the Americans helped break the German offensive, making a brilliant bayonet charge at the end of a long march on Sunday and throwing the Huns back along a bloody path.

### HUN ATTACK CRUSHED

To avenge this defeat the Germans yesterday massed a large force which was thrown against the American lines. The Sammies met the advance steadily and their machine guns mowed the enemy down in hundreds, keeping up such a pitiless hail of bullets into the gray ranks that the Germans could no longer face it. The attack crumbled, then broke and the Germans fell back, fleeing in confusion.

It was a complete victory for the American, in their first large engagement, and the first honors of the battle fall to a regiment which had not even had trench training nor been before under fire. This regiment, which faced the center of the German advance, had marched direct from its training camp to the battlefield and was composed of men fresh from the United States.

### MARINES WIN VICTORY

All the honors of the day did not fall to the doughboys, however. Along the Marne American marines were engaged throughout the day. In the morning the sea-soldiers charged and captured a nest of German machine guns, wiping out the defenders, killing many and capturing others. During the afternoon they fought off German counters and took more prisoners. Last night they surprised and wiped out a large German patrol. During the day they successfully met and repulsed two strong attacks of the enemy.

### OUTNUMBERED BUT WIN

In the Toul sector a patrol of only thirty Americans entered the German lines and penetrated far back to the third line of defense. There they encountered a German patrol of more than 200 and attacked them with a vigor that fairly took the superior force off its feet. The Americans used grenades, rifle and pistol fire, bayonets and clubbed muskets and fought the enemy off, although outnumbered seven to one, for more than twenty minutes, inflicting heavy losses and then falling back in good order with losses which under the circumstances are regarded as extremely light.

Accounts of the previous fighting of the Americans are coming in despatches from France which say the American troops defeated the Germans at three points to the north of the Marne where they assisted materially in the checking of the foe in its violent efforts to proceed further westward.

General Pershing notes that great credit is given to the American forces in the official French reports for "their brilliant counter-attack" to the west of Chateau Thierry.

Despite a long march they had just completed, the Americans eagerly jumped into the battle within an hour after they reached the front. They showed similar spirit and equal valor at other points to the north and south of that position.

It was American troops who protected the Marne bridge while the Allies were crossing and then fought off the Teutons, causing sanguinary losses to them before finally destroying the bridge as they, themselves, crossed.

Military chiefs here rejoice because of the facts that the Americans are now in the very heart of the conflict which they believe is now almost, if not quite, stabilized since Berlin no longer claims advances.

Further desperate fighting is expected where the American now help to bar the way to Paris.

### WARM IN PRAISE

The supreme war council has declared that American cooperation will make it impossible for the enemy to gain the victory by wearing down the Allied reserves before his own reserves are exhausted.

Official despatches from Paris received last night say the French press is enthusiastic in its praise of the American soldiers, their fighting and vigor and valor which they are displaying. The Matin is reported as saying: "The Americans have thus quickly shown that they are zealous and full spirited in attack, and steady as rocks in defense. These robust young soldiers in a few short weeks have become the equals of the British and French veterans."

Other despatches from Paris quote French army surgeons as saying that they expect ninety percent of the American wounded will recover.

The war department gave out the following casualty list yesterday: Thirty-nine killed in action, thirteen wounded, three dead of accidents, six of disease, forty-seven severely wounded and two missing.

## MEETS FOUR DIVERS IN SINGLE VOYAGE

ATLANTIC PORT, June 6—(Associated Press)—Encounters with four enemy submarines in the course of a three weeks' voyage was recounted by officers and members of the crew of an American freight steamer which arrived here yesterday.

The convey was with this steamer at the time of one of these encounters with the enemy diver.

In the other three instances the submarines were driven off but were not sunk.

### COMMAND CHANGED

LONDON, June 6—(Associated Press)—General Sir William Robertson, Chief of the Western Command, temporarily has been assigned to command forces in Great Britain.

## TURCO GERMAN TROOPS MASSACRE IN RETREAT

LONDON, June 6—(Associated Press)—Decisive defeat of the Turco-German troops in Transcaucasia by Russian forces on May 24 is told in despatches received from Moscow. The battle is reported to have been hard fought and the defeat so decisive that the Turco-German forces were compelled to retreat.

It was said they were massacring the inhabitants as they fell back before the pursuing Russians.

### WOMEN REPLACE MEN BY SCORES OF THOUSANDS

WASHINGTON, June 5—(Official)—Male workers to the number of 44,371 will be replaced by women, the war department announces. This has been accomplished through the federal employment service.

## NEW CALL ISSUES AS MEN REGISTER

Machinery Works Smoothly and Million Youths Are Recorded—Big Army Drawn

WASHINGTON, June 6—(Associated Press)—While a million men were being registered for the selective draft yesterday a call for 300,000 registrants was issued by Provost Marshal General Crowder.

The registration yesterday was of the class of 1918, that is to say, of those young men who have attained draft age since June of a year ago. Throughout the country it proceeded with expedition and smoothness and with little or no disorder so far as reports have thus far shown. The registration machinery seemed to be in perfect shape and there was an eagerness to register not heretofore displayed. Especially was this so along the Atlantic seaboard where the reports of German diver raiders had roused patriotic sentiment to white heat.

### Patriotism Runs High

Reports of the fighting and the successes of the Americans on the main battle front also tended to stir enthusiasm and the young men generally went to register with a determination to meet anything which came to them that was clearly reflected in their faces.

The call issued by Provost Marshal General Crowder is addressed to the governor of every state except Arizona. Two hundred thousand men are to be called out on June 24 and are to assemble and be moved from June 24 to June 28.

### Negroes Called

Crowder also called for 40,000 negroes from twenty southern states which brings yesterday's call up to 240,000. The addition of these men will bring the total to the date of their departure from their homes up to 1,505,000 selective draftees. Most of them will be immediately assigned to the National Army camps, indicating the rapidity with which troops are being moved over seas.

Most of those who have been recently called have gone to the regular and to the guard encampments.

## CRIPPLED STEAMER LIMPS INTO PORT

Collision Is Followed By Explosion and Several of Her Passengers Meet Death

LONDON, June 6—(Associated Press)—Badly crippled as the result of a collision, the steamer Kennilworth limped into port yesterday. Several of her passengers had been lost at the time of the accident.

The collision in which the Kennilworth was involved caused an explosion. Aboard of her were more than 300 passengers on route to England from South Africa. Several of the passengers and crew were killed by the explosion while still others were wounded when life boats in which they had taken refuge were capsized.

Later repairs were made and the steamer managed to continue on her voyage.

## STEPHENS DECLINES TO TALK ON MOONEY

admits Letter From President and He Has Replied

SACRAMENTO, June 5—(Associated Press)—For the second time President Wilson has written to Governor Stephens asking him to exercise executive clemency on behalf of Thomas Mooney. The Governor declines to discuss the matter for publication or reveal the course which he will pursue. He merely says that he has received the communications he has his far received and will give attention to any further communications and send his replies to the President.

With the refusal of the higher courts to grant a new trial to Thomas Mooney, convicted of complicity in the Preparedness Day Parade bombing outrage, there is no way to save the life of Mooney except by pardon or commutation of sentence. The commission named by the President to report upon the trial of Mooney found reasons why a new trial should be granted to him. On the strength of that report the President wrote Governor Stephens and had followed his first letter with a second, according to despatches from Washington received here.

## AUSTRIANS ASSEMBLE FORCES FOR ASSAULT

WASHINGTON, June 5—(Associated Press)—Sixty of the best and strongest divisions of the Austro-German forces are being massed, evidently in preparation for the long expected offensive against the Italian front, despatches from Rome yesterday reported. The mountains are largely the objective but cavalry forces are assembled on the lower Piave.

Rome believes the assault is imminent.

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## GERMANS MEET WITH REPULSE LEAVING DEAD DEEP ON FIELD

Strive Desperately To Straighten Lines in Fear of Coming Counter-Attack of Allies But French Hold Them in Check

### ARTILLERY VIOLENT AS INFANTRY TAKES REST

New Factors Must Enter Before Any Great Change in Positions Can Come As Germans Are Not Yet Exhausted

NEW YORK, June 6—(Associated Press)—All along the western side of the Aisne salient the Germans attacked heavily yesterday and at every point they were repulsed with a tremendous total of dead and wounded. All the pressure of the German offensive is being put into these attacks, the Huns striving desperately to straighten their line in order to be able to hold back the expected counter-offensives of the Allies. This line now has many sharp turns, dangerous to defend but the steady fighting of the French may force the Germans to withdraw at many points is the only way to secure a re-alignment.

### ASSAULTS DIE DOWN

Yesterday afternoon the German infantry assaults died down to be replaced by a pounding of the Allied line by artillery, the Germans having brought forward a large number of their guns. This artillery is general from before Trosnes, on the north bank of the Ourcq, fifteen miles northwest of Chateau Thierry, around the curve of the salient to Moulin-sous-Touvent, between the Oise and the Aisne, eleven miles northwest of Soissons.

There has been no infantry fighting along the Marne front nor on the east side of the salient, but the heavy bombardment of Rheims has recommenced, this being taken as forecasting a resumption of the infantry engagement for this point.

London reports the situation in the Aisne-Marne area as stable, into which a new factor must enter before it will be further disturbed. The fighting yesterday, although heavy, had only local tactical significance.

Paris officially reports every German attack yesterday was repulsed, both on the east side of the Aisne, while the Allies repeatedly advanced at various points and improved their positions. Officials of the war department at Washington express their confidence that the Marne for the second time has marked the tide of German invasion of France. It is not believed by these officials, however, that the French will be able immediately to hurl back the legions of the Crown Prince as the power of the German armies has not yet been exhausted.

### French Fight Exhaustively

In several of the advances made by the French and British yesterday on their salient prisoners were taken. On brilliant advance was made by French chasseurs, fighting dismounted as infantry. The enemy were covering the approach to the forest of Villers Cotterets, into which the German have been striving to force a way for three days. Advancing yesterday, the Germans attacked heavily but met with unexpected resistance from the French and the assault was broken. The Germans fell back, the French charged and smashed their way with butt and bayonet to a depth of two thousand yards into the German line.

Heavy fighting at Choisy Hill is also reported. This the Allies still hold after it has changed hands five times.

Near Morris the British took thirty machine guns and many prisoners, London reported.

Claims of successful advances in Flanders were put forth in the Berlin official communiqué last night. Reconnoitering parties were also reported as successful and it was asserted that numbers of prisoners had been taken. The situation was declared to be unchanged.

Although the enemy heavily shelled the American trenches at Lunerville there was no resumption yesterday of the offensive in force in Picardy or in Flanders.

### IRELAND IS INSULTED. SAYS TAY PAY O'CONNOR

NEW YORK, June 6—(Associated Press)—An open and violent insult to the Catholics and to the Irish nationalists is the way T. P. (Tay Pay) O'Connor characterizes the appointment of Campbell as Chancellor of Ireland. The insult, he declares, is unprovoked and the act is one which would tend to incite violence and resistance.

## MONTH OF MAY'S RECORD IN SHIPS

New Figures in History of Nation Established and Will Be Accelerated More

WASHINGTON, June 5—(Official)—In ship construction May was the greatest month in the history of the nation, the shipping board announced. Forty-four ships were completed and delivered to the government. The tonnage was 263,571, which shows building at the rate of 3,162,832 in a year.

Prohibition of the transfer to a foreign flag of any vessel of more than 100 tons has been provided by the shipping board.

Speaking of labor conditions in the shipyards of the Pacific Coast, Secretary Wilson said: "The conditions are such as to demonstrate the patriotism and the efficiency of the workers."

### IMMENSE NEW YARD TO BUILD AT ONCE

SAN FRANCISCO, June 5—(Official)—One of the large Pacific Coast ship building companies has announced its plans for another great ship yard which is to be larger than any other on that coast. It will cover an area of 140 acres, cost \$20,000,000 and have a capacity to construct ten steel vessels simultaneously, each of 20,000 tons. Thousands of men are sought to make an immediate start on this work and later, when the yard is completed, 20,000 men will be needed for construction work.

## PRISONERS REVEAL GREAT CONTRASTS

Russia Sends Back Strong Men and Receives Tubercular Wrecks in Exchange

WASHINGTON, June 5—(Official)—German prisoners are being returned by Russia rapidly, the United States department of state is informed. They are being returned through Orsha where train cars are passing daily, each train carrying from 400 to 1000 of the former prisoners.

While the Germans thus returned are generally in good health the reverse is the condition of the Russians who are being given in exchange. Many of these are suffering from tuberculosis and deaths among the sufferers, while in route, are frequent.

## EFFORT TO SMUGGLE JEWELS IS DETECTED

Report Says Valuable Gems Were Russian Crown Jewels

NEW YORK, June 5—(Associated Press)—It is believed that the customs office has discovered a plot to smuggle into America the Russian crown jewels, worth \$2,000,000.

Two government agents are suspected of complicity in the plot which has wide ramifications in this country and abroad.

Federal agents are reported to have located \$150,000 worth of the jewels in the United States and to be on the trail of the smugglers.

## Honolulu Is Given High Honors At Shrine Meeting

ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey, June 6—(Associated Press)—James McCullough of Honolulu was yesterday named by the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine in convocation here as High Priest and Prophet, advancing two steps nearer to Imperial Potentate for which dignity he will be in direct line in three years.

Elias J. Jacoby, of Indianapolis, former law partner of the late Charles W. Fairbanks was named Imperial Potentate.

## Hard to Shake Off That Backache



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## ENEMY DIVERS ARE STILL MENACE TO COASTWISE SHIPPING OF AMERICA

Twelve Vessels Lost and List of Known Dead Twenty With Thirty-one Missing

NEW YORK, June 6—(Associated Press)—While American aeroplanes are sweeping up and down the coast in battle formation, searching for German submarine raiders, and American patrol boats and destroyers are scouring the waters for the same pests, at least two submarines are continuing their work of destruction.

Prompt work by the destroyers has saved at least one passenger steamer from destruction, the American naval U-boat hunters arriving in response to calls for help from the French liner Radioline to drive an attacking raider off. The Radioline is the first transatlantic vessel to be attacked.

### TWENTY KNOWN DEAD

The official reports give a total of twenty known dead as a result of the submarine raid, with thirty-one missing. Yesterday four bodies from the crew of the steamer Carolina were picked up by patrol ships and a boat containing eleven other members of the crew was found. All the dead and missing are from the Carolina. Captain Barbour has wireless in that all but fifty-one from that vessel are on incoming schooners, having been picked up.

The two known submarines at work are the U-151, one of the latest and largest of the German pirate crafts, and the U-37, a smaller ship.

### TO REMAIN TILL AUGUST

A member of the crew of the U-151, which destroyed the schooner Edna, told Enoch Roker, a member of the Edna's crew who was held prisoner on the submarine for eight days, that the submarine fleet was sent to American waters to remain until August, doing whatever damage to American and Allied shipping as was possible.

Survivors of the schooner Lewes and the steamer Carolina said that wireless warnings were received aboard those vessels on Sunday, notifying them to beware of submarines. At seven o'clock a submarine appeared close off the Carolina and the passengers and crew were ordered to leave the ship in their small boats, as the vessel was about to be destroyed. The submarine was the U-37.

### BOATS CALLED BACK

After the ship had been abandoned and the boats were being towed away, the commander of the U-boat ordered them all to return, as a boarding party on the Carolina had discovered a fireman who had been left behind. When this man had been taken off, the submarine shelled the steamer, setting fire to her.

With the arrival of the survivors of the sinking of the auxiliary schooner Samuel C. Mengel the news of the destruction of that vessel on Sunday was learned. The Mengel was overhauled by one of the submarines one hundred and seventy-five miles off New York and the crew ordered to leave the vessel, which was sunk by bombs.

### BOASTS OF SINKINGS

The submarine commander boasted to the captain of the Mengel that he had previously sunk three schooners and three steamers, one of the latter being a 5000-ton ship.

### DIVER OF LARGE TYPE

ATLANTIC CITY, June 6—(Associated Press)—Survivors of the steamer Tixel, which was one of the first steamers destroyed, agree that the U-boat which attacked their ship was at least three hundred feet long.

Members of the Tixel crew report that another submarine stood by, about half a mile off, while the Tixel was being shelled.

### ONE ATTACK INTERRUPTED

WASHINGTON, June 6—(Associated Press)—The submarine raiders are still operating off the American coast and the hopes of the officials that they had concluded their raid and had returned to their bases have had to be abandoned.

An American destroyer came close enough to the raiders yesterday morning to interrupt an attack they were making upon the French liner Radioline, the subs submerging and disappearing with the approach of the American warship.

The same destroyer found the abandoned schooner Edward R. Baird Jr. in a sinking condition after being bombed a short time before. The destroyer rescued two members of the Baird's crew.

### ALL AVAILABLE CRAFT READY

All available naval crafts are patrolling and stand ready to rush to the scene of any late sinking reported or to any waters from whence come late reports of the presence of the underwater enemies.

Survivors' reports establish the fact that at least two submarines are working. One has stores sufficient to permit her to stay out for three months.

### MOVEMENTS TO CONTINUE

Secretary Daniels has informed congressmen that the navy department is doing everything possible to run down and destroy the raiders and combat their activities without lessening the efforts abroad. The movement of troops and munitions to France has not been stopped by the U-boat activities. The navy continues to keep the road to France open.

American naval forces are operating on the theory that many submarines may be off the coast or expected to arrive, but nothing indicates that more than two have been operating.

The treasury department announces that there will be no advance in the government marine bureau's insurance rates. Mine-sweepers have picked up a number of mines undoubtedly strewn over the sea by the raiders.

### TWELVE IN LIST

The official list of the ships sunk now includes four steamers and eight schooners, but it is not thought that this list is complete. Giring was heard off the Delaware coast on Tuesday night, indicating that the raiders were again busy at their work of destruction.

NEW YORK, June 5—(Official)—Receipt of news of the sinking of a 979-ton coastal schooner has definitely located the presence of a submarine off the Atlantic Coast of the United States and has brought a swarm of destroyers, submarine chasers, sea planes and airplanes into action. They are circling and watching the "danger area."

This is the same submarine, it is believed, which was discovered and driven off when the diver was shelling a tank steamer.

A tank steamer which it had previously shelled and sunk has been raised and towed into port.

Several steamers which were known to be in the danger zone and for the safety of which fears were felt, have arrived in port which leaves the total for known losses eleven, of which eight were schooners and three were steamers according to Secretary of Navy Daniels. Between seven and sixteen lives were lost, the exact number not having been definitely determined when a lifeboat from one of the steamers which the submarine sank was lost in a storm. Ten others are still missing. Most of the passengers were rescued by other vessels or have made shore safely in small boats.

Secretary Daniels announces that the presence of diver raiders in such close proximity to American ports will not serve to check the departure of troops in transports.